Talking to Children About Violence: Tips for Parents and Educators

Families and school personnel play a critical role in helping to reestablish a sense of normalcy and security for children after an act of violence occurs. Follow these key reminders and visit [www.nasponline.org/children-and-violence](http://www.nasponline.org/children-and-violence) to learn more.

**Reaffirm Safety**
Emphasize that schools are very safe. Let children speak about their feelings and validate all reactions to the event. Support the appropriate expression of their feelings and help to put them in perspective.

**Make Time to Talk**
Let children’s questions guide the information provided. Be patient and look for clues that a child wants to talk. Young children may need concrete activities (e.g., imaginative play) and some older children may prefer writing or playing music.

**Keep Explanations Developmentally Appropriate**

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<th>Early Elementary</th>
<th>Upper Elementary &amp; Early Middle</th>
<th>Upper Middle &amp; High</th>
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<td>Provide simple information balanced by assurance of safety.</td>
<td>Answer questions and assist in separating reality from fantasy.</td>
<td>Emphasize student role in safety &amp; how to access support.</td>
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**Review Safety Procedures**
Help children identify one adult at school and in the community that they can go to if they feel threatened or at risk. Review procedures and safeguards in school and home settings.

**Observe Children’s Emotional State**
Some will not express themselves verbally but changes in behavior, appetite, or sleep patterns can indicate anxiety or stress. Seek help from a mental health professional for those with more intense reactions.

**Maintain a Normal Routine**
Keep a regular schedule to assure and promote physical and mental health. Encourage maintenance of school work and extracurricular activities but do not push children if they seem overwhelmed. Limit TV exposure.


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